

ACCELERATING HEALTH, SOCIAL AND ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT OUTCOMES THROUGH IMPROVED NUTRITION

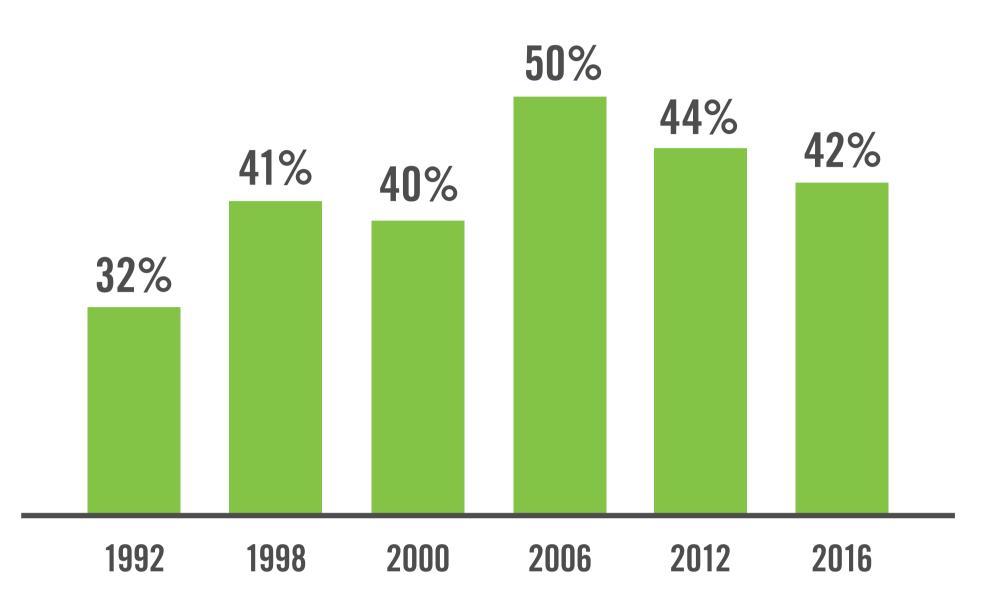
Niger has demonstrated good political commitment to nutrition, including through the development of a costed plan and a designated budget. Yet stunting remains a significant challenge and overall nutrition practices show untapped opportunities to accelerate impact. To realize the full health, social and economic benefits of improved nutrition, Niger should:

- Ensure full implementation of the costed nutrition plan and budget allocation
- Strengthen regulations on the marketing of breast-milk substitutes in line with global recommendations, including effective monitoring and enforcement mechanisms
- Ensure regular nutrition surveys are conducted to help inform policy- and decision-making

INFANT AND YOUNG CHILD FEEDING PRACTICES¹

PROGRESS AGAINST STUNTING²

Early initiation of breastfeeding within the first hour	53%
Exclusive breastfeeding of infants under 6 months	23%
Breastfeeding at 1 year	93%
Minimum acceptable diet (6-23 months)	6%
Minimum dietary diversity (6-23 months)	10%



CHILD NUTRITION INDICATORS

36% of children under-five are underweight³
42% of children under-five are stunted⁴
10% of children under-five are wasted⁵

27% of children are born with **low birthweight**⁶

Malnutrition has lasting effects on individuals, families and nations⁷

- NEARLY HALF of all child deaths are related to poor nutrition
- 10% or more of a person's lifetime earnings can be lost due to lower productivity, reduced cognitive ability and increased health care costs
- 3% to 16% of the GDP in African economies is lost due to undernutrition

CHILD MORTALITY⁸



MATERNAL NUTRITION AND HEALTH⁹

Women of reproductive age with anaemia

off-track to contribute to reducing underfive mortality to 25 per 1,000 live births (Sustainable Development Goal 3).

Women of reproductive age, thinness	16%
Women of reproductive age, short stature	1%

\bigcirc X Exclusive Women of Under-five Under-five Under-five reproductive breastfeeding, Low overweight, 2012 stunting, 2012 age anaemia, 2012 birthweight wasting, 2012 2012 Increase the WHA Reduce and 50% reduction 40% reduction rate of exclusive No increase 30% reduction in Global in the number of maintain childhood of anaemia in childhood breastfeeding in low birth weight Nutrition children under-five wasting to less in women of the first 6 months overweight who are stunted reproductive age than 5% Target up to at least 50% Niger's Off course, On course, Off course Off course On course N/A at risk Progress some progress

PROGRESS AGAINST THE WORLD HEALTH ASSEMBLY'S GLOBAL NUTRITION TARGETS 2025¹⁰

POLITICAL COMMITMENT FOR NUTRITION

Maternity Leave	14 weeks paid ¹¹
International Code of Marketing of Breast-milk Substitutes	Many provisions in law ¹²
Multi-Sectoral Nutrition Plan	Yes ¹³
Costed Nutrition Plan	Yes, \$96.5 million (2013-2017) ¹⁴
Separate Nutrition Budget	Yes ¹⁵
SUN Country	Since 2011 ¹⁶

CATEGORIZATION OF CODE LEGISLATION¹⁷

Many provisions in law: country

has enacted legislation or adopted regulations, decrees or other legally binding measures encompassing many provisions of the Code and subsequent WHA resolutions.

IMPROVING NUTRITION STRENGTHENS NATIONS AS A LEADING CONTRIBUTOR TO:¹⁸

- Reducing mortality rates
- Promoting optimal growth and development
- Decreasing the risk of infectious diseases
- Protecting against chronic conditions later in life
- Improving future earning potential

- 1 EDSN-MICS 2012
- 2 EDSN-MICS 1992-2012; Nutritional SMART Survey 2016
- 3 EDSN-MICS 2012
- 4 National Nutrition SMART 2016
- 5 Ibid.
- 6 UNICEF State of the World's Children 2016
- 7 *The Lancet*, the World Bank, The Global Panel on Agriculture and Food Systems for Nutrition
- 8 EDSN-MICS 2012
- 9 Ibid.
- 10 Adopted from the Global Nutrition Report 2015. New analysis will be released in 2017
- 11 ILO Maternity and Paternity at Work 2013
- 12 WHO National Implementation of the International Code Status Report 2016
- 13 SUN Niger Annual Progress Report 2015
- 14 SUN Niger Costed Plan 2015
- 15 HANCI-Africa 2016
- 16 SUN Niger Profile
- 17 WHO National Implementation of the International Code Status Report 2016
- 18 UNICEF, The Lancet

